

Crawford

JUSTICE AND RIGHT

VOLUME XXXVI.

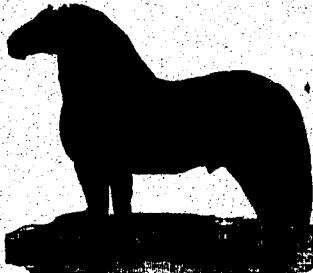
A Happy New Year

We extend to you and everyone our New Year's Greetings, we also hope that the new year will be one of happiness and prosperity. May your resolutions be of such a character that much benefit will be derived therefrom.

Milk's Market F. H. Milks

LIVERY & SALES STABLES

Prompt livery service ready at any time. Also heavy work.



Farms and farm lands and village property for sale.

TO OUR FRIENDS and CUSTOMERS.

With thanks to you for your loyalty and good will during the year just passing, we extend to you our best wishes for a

HAPPY and PROSPEROUS NEW YEAR.

H. PETERSEN
Grocer

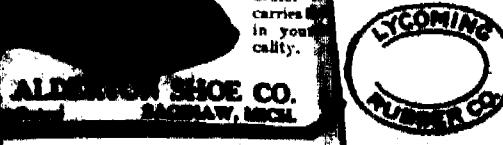
LYCOMING Felt Boot Combinations

We feel proud of our Combination Boot record and can assure you that you can find in our 1914 Combinations the same warmth and wear, the same substantial service and satisfaction that have increased the demand for these each year.

Ask for LYCOMING Combinations

If your dealer does not carry them, write us, and we will give you the name of a dealer who carries in your vicinity.

ALBION SHOE CO.
SAGINAW, MICH.



Farmers Attention,
Chicago, Ill., December 10, 1913
The Avalanche,
Grayling, Mich.
Dear Sir:

The following letter has been received by us and we request that those who are in position to give the required information, that they do so through the columns of this paper, as there may be others who are interested along the same lines. Following is the letter:

I would like to propose a question which would be of interest to others as well as myself and no doubt there are many farmers in your vicinity who can give the desired information. It

January
1914
MAY THIS YEAR BE
GOOD TO YOU.
Avalanche



EXHIBIT FROM CRAWFORD COUNTY.

At the Crawford County Farmers Institute this year a special feature was made of an exhibit of agricultural products brought in by the farmers. Small prizes were given and from the amount of interest displayed it appeared to be a plan which would be well to foster and develop in the future at the county institutes. The Development Bureau was fortunate in securing the exhibition for the display windows of the headquarters in Bay City.

In the exhibit were several varieties of corn, many varieties of fine grain, vegetables and apples which certainly could not be surpassed anywhere. This exhibit as displayed in the Development Bureau's window, with its sign of "Crawford County," attracts considerable attention from the many people constantly passing that way.

is this: On land that is free from brush, but never has been broken and is in a wild state, is it possible or feasible to sow red clover in the fall or on the snow in the early spring without going to the trouble of first breaking the sod and get a good stand? Will the loose surface soil afford seed bed sufficient and the native grass to protect the growth until it gets sufficient strength of itself to stand the heat of summer? Also, will the clover run out the native grass or will the native grass conquer the clover?

I have some land in your county, which I have been debating as to what can be done to it, so as to help improve the community and I have noted your efforts through your paper to get disseminate information that is to the advantage of the farmers in your community, and because of this interest shown by you, I have presumed to ask above questions. They may be answered through your paper which would be duly appreciated.

It has occurred to me that there are others situated like myself who do not know the name of the treasurer in the towns where non-residents have interests which makes it necessary for them to get in touch with the treasurers of their respective towns. I have been wondering whether it would supply a need that would be appreciated by others if the town treasurers of the different towns in your county might be published in your paper. I am,

Very truly yours,
F. L. HART,
Insurance Exchange Bld.

Pleased With Sale of Seals.

Rev. V. J. Hufton is in receipt of a letter from the Michigan Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis, thanking the Boy Scouts for their assistance in selling Red Cross seals. The letter in substance reads as follows:

My dear Rev. Hufton:

We are much pleased with the seal sale in Grayling and wish to thank the Boy Scouts as well as yourself for your assistance.

We are enclosing a receipt for the \$26.00.

With best wishes for you and your work, I am

Very sincerely yours,
CARL F. WALTON
Secretary.

Milwaukee minister says that when a man is made happy through marriage, it is alright for minister to accept a dollar or so as a marriage fee. But there are some husbands who, as time goes by, attain such a degree of "happiness" they wish that had their "dollar or so" back.

Frequency with which we read of deaths of children through carelessness of elders in leaving bottles of poison within their reach leads us to believe that making a law providing a severe punishment would be a good step to take.

Danish Meeting Postponed
The meeting announced for next Sunday is postponed till January 14, 1914 p.m. Many a great importance will be taken up for discussion. All members of the congregation are requested to be present.

See that you get the issue with the first installment!

Avalanche

OSCAR P. SCHUMANN, Editor and Proprietor

NUMBER 1

1914

Begin the Year 1914 Right
by having your

Eyes Properly
Fitted with
GLASSES

Nothing will do more to make the year happy and prosperous, for nobody can be at their best when troubled with Eyesstrain.

We are equipped to handle the most difficult cases.

C. J. Hathaway
Optometrist

Phone 1222.

Cold weather is here. Prepare for the winter by getting one of our up-to-date, smoke consuming

Coal Stoves

We carry in stock.

The Famous Florence Hot Blast Air-Tight Heater for Coal or Wood.

Just received a complete line of ALUMINUM COOKING UTENSILS, also some XMAS SPECIALTIES.

REMEMBER, we now are prepared to do all kinds of Plumbing, Hot Water, Steam and Hot Air Heating. Also we have a complete line of Bath Room Fixtures and can install them at reasonable prices.

REMEMBER, we have a tin shop in connection and all repair work will be promptly attended too.

A. Kraus Estate

Hardware, Sash, Doors, Paints, Oils, Sporting Goods, Plumbing

Phone 1222

We wish you all

**A Happy Prosperous
NEW YEAR**

Thanking you very heartily
for your past favors and hoping
to serve you with the best
bargains in the year 1914.

January 1st

1914

The
Marshal

a historical tale of France
under the Napoleons.

We have secured this
remarkably interesting
story by

Mary Raymond
Shipman Andrews

as our next serial, and
you'll miss a tale far
out of the ordinary if
you fail to read it.

Wishing all our
Customers

A Happy and Pros-
perous

New Year

Model Bakery

Thee, County, Grayling, Mich.

Brenner's Cash Store

The House of a Thousand Bargains.

ADVERTISING AND PRINTING
THAT'S OUR BUSINESS—ALWAYS READY
FOR YOUR ORDER. WHAT'S WANTED?

WORLD HAS HAD A FORTUNATE YEAR

No Terrible Catastrophe Has Marked the Twelvemonth.

DEATH TAKES NOTABLE MEN

General Success of the Democrats and Startling Developments South of the Rio Grande Chief Events in Western Hemisphere.

New York.—Taken all in all, the year 1913 has been a happy and rather fortunate one for the world in general. It was not marked by any great catastrophe, such as the San Francisco earthquake or the Titanic disaster; it saw the end of the wars in the Balkans, witnessed the inauguration of a Democratic president in the United States, followed by genuine tariff reduction without financial panic.

The death roll for the past year has hit the financial world rather hard, including such notable figures as J. P. Morgan, Henry M. Flagler and James R. Keene. The Roman Catholic church also lost two of its most venerable cardinals, Oreglia, dean of the Sacred College, and Rampolla, within a few days of each other at the Vatican.

Luther McCarthy, pugilist, died at Albany May 24.

Death of emperor of Japan.

Nazim Pacha, Turkish premier, assassinated.

King Menelik of Abyssinia reported dead. His death confirmed on December 23.

Whitelaw Reid, American ambassador to Great Britain, buried at Sleepy Hollow cemetery, N. Y.

Adolphus Busch, millionaire brewer of St. Louis, died October 10.

Charles G. Gates, son of the late John W. Gates, died October 28.

Ralph Rose, famous athlete and champion shot putter, died October 16.

Timothy Woodruff, New York politician, died October 12.

Anthony N. Brady, died in London, July 22.

Col. S. F. Cody, American aviator, killed in England by fall from aero August 7.

Mayor Gaynor of New York died on way to England.

Timothy D. Sullivan, New York politician, found dead on railroad track after escaping from an asylum.

Alfred Austin, poet laureate of England, died June 2.

Crimes and Executions.

Mrs. Fannie May Eaton, wife of Rear Admiral Eaton, acquitted October 31 of murdering her husband.

Rev. Hans Schmidt, discredited Catholic priest, arrested in New York for the murder of Anna Aumuller, his sweetheart.

Floyd and Claude S. Allen executed at Richmond, Va., March 22 for participation in the famous Allen court house shooting affray.

Henry Spencer, confessed murderer of many persons, is convicted of killing Mildred Allison-Reardon, a dancing teacher, in Chicago. Appeal pending.

Mrs. Bessie Wakefield is convicted of murdering her husband and sentenced to hang in Connecticut on March 4.

Leo Frank, wealthy manufacturer, convicted in Atlanta, Ga., of murdering girl in his office. Appeal pending.

Dr. Frank Craig acquitted in Indiana of murder of Dr. Helen Knabe.

Political Development at Home.

Inauguration of President Woodrow Wilson on March 4.

United States Judge Robert W. Archbold removed from office by United States senate after impeachment trial.

John Purroy Mitchel elected mayor of New York on the fusion ticket, destroying Tammany's power.

David J. Walsh, Democrat, elected governor of Massachusetts, a victory for the Wilson administration.

Acting-Governor Fielder elected governor of New Jersey. Fielder is a Democrat and was the Wilson administration candidate.

Minnesota legislature adopted equal suffrage measure February 11.

Passage of Wilson tariff bill.

Passage of currency bill.

Inauguration of Vice-President Madero, his address to the senate and administration of oaths to the new senators, March 4.

California legislature adopts equal suffrage measure.

Illinois passes equal suffrage bill.

Japanese land law in California approved by Governor Johnson, February 3.

William Sulzer of New York impeached and removed from office and succeeded by Lieut. Gov. Martin H. Glynn.

Political Developments Abroad.

King Otto, known as the "Mad King of Bavaria," removed from throne and succeeded by his son.

Sir Rufus Isaacs made lord chief justice of Great Britain, being the first Jew to hold that office.

Election of President Polcaro in France, January 17; inauguration February 18.

Election and installation of Sir Van-Stuart Bowater as lord mayor of London, April 2.

Colonel Roosevelt starts on South American hunting trip, visits Rio Janeiro, Brazil; Sao Paulo, Brazil; Buenos Ayres, Argentina and Valparaiso, Chile.

Mendoza tried and acquitted of ritual murder at the "Holy City" of Kiev, Russia.

Gambao dike last obstruction in the Panama Canal blown up with dynamite on Oct. 10th.

Buildings of the Panama-Pacific Exposition started at San Francisco. German and English governments decline to participate.

United States forces Great Britain to give up attempt to gain oil monopoly in Colombia.

United States warns Santo Domingo "No more revolutions."

Victoriano Huerta proclaimed provisional president of Mexico February 18.

Yuan Shih-Kai elected president of China October 6; inaugurated October 10.

Sir Edward Carson gathers together an "army" of Orangemen in Ulster to resist enforcement of the home rule bill should it pass parliament.

Japanese mob in Tokyo demand war on the United States over the California land question.

United States forces Great Britain to give up attempt to gain oil monopoly in Colombia.

Twenty killed.

Gas explosion near Pittsburgh kills 120 miners.

Long Beach, Cal., pier gives way, killing 35 persons.

Disastrous floods in Texas, early part of October.

Krupp scandal in Germany. Disclosures made April 18.

American successfully defends the international polo cup against Great Britain.

Hotel workers' strike in New York city Jan. 10.

One hundred thousand lady garment workers strike in New York Jan. 10.

Steamship Nevada strikes a mine in

France and Russia are stronger than ever, possibly made so by the Balkan wars.

There have been some few spats between France and Germany, but nothing in any way approaching a breach of diplomatic relations. The falling of a couple of German war balloons on French territory created some little excitement, as did the mobbing of some German subjects by French citizens in border towns. France, as well as the United States, underwent a presidential election in 1913, placing a very democratic and a very diplomatic person in the office of chief executive—President Poincaré.

In the Far East.

In the far east several things of moment occurred in 1913, among them the Chinese rebellion and establishment of a republic, and in Japan the death of the Mikado and the succession of his son and the anti-American demonstrations and riots as a result of the adoption of the anti-foreign landowning law in California.

In the realm of science and exploration there have been but few developments that could positively be designated as history-creating.

The discovery of the south pole and the disaster to the Scott expedition both occurred in 1912, although the fate of Captain Scott was not made known to the world until 1913. Dr. Friedrich Franz Friedmann, discoverer of a "cure" for tuberculosis, made his appearance in 1913, but the value of Dr. Friedmann's "cure" and other "cures" for that dread disease announced at about the same time, are very much open to doubt. Great strides have undoubtedly been made in the treatment of cancer, but no positive cure has yet been discovered, although much has been learned about the value of radium.

Avgust is progressing rapidly. Much attention to aeronautics has been paid by the various European governments from a military standpoint, but no means of making aeroplane anywhere near safe have yet been discovered. France has organized and trained a military aviation corps that would unquestionably be of great value in case of war, and Germany has devoted much time and money to dirigible ballooning. The United States has spent some \$50,000 during the year in military experiments in aviation.

The number of deaths resulting from aviation has not been especially large. Aviators have died, just as aviators died in 1912, and Germany suffered a number of disastrous accidents to Zeppelein dirigible balloons. Many of the accidents of aeroplanes resulted from fancy exhibition flying and military experiments.

The year 1913 saw the first aeroplane flight over the Panama canal.

On the Panama Canal.

In Panama great developments have taken place. October 10 last saw the dynamiting of Gamboa dike, being the removal of practically the last serious obstruction in the big ditch. The canal is now almost completed, so far as a trans-continental waterway is concerned, although not yet prepared for the passage of steamers from ocean to ocean. Work has also been begun on the buildings and grounds for the great Panama-Pacific International exposition, to be held in San Francisco in 1915, as a celebration of the formal opening of the Panama canal. In this connection it may be mentioned some slight international ill feeling may have been caused by the refusal of the British and German government to participate officially in the San Francisco exposition.

Political Development at Home.

Inauguration of President Woodrow Wilson on March 4.

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John Purroy Mitchel elected mayor of New York on the fusion ticket, destroying Tammany's power.

David J. Walsh, Democrat, elected governor of Massachusetts, a victory for the Wilson administration.

In its relations with Mexico the United States has stood firm. Early in his administration President Wilson announced his determination to withhold recognition from the Huerta administration, and although much pressure has been brought to bear, the president has refused to change his attitude. Efforts have been made to induce Huerta to retire and allow a fair and honest election, without result. Today the United States has a heavy armed force at the border and an impressive array of battleships off the coast.

There have been several marriages of importance in the past year, and a number of engagements of prominent persons announced. Foremost in the minds of Americans, of course, is the wedding of Miss Jessie Woodrow Wilson, daughter of the president.

Assassinations of the Year.

Barring Mexico's barbarous achievements, there have been few assassinations in countries generally recognized as being civilized. George I, king of Greece, was assassinated by a mad anarchist in Salonika, March 18. In Turkey the commander-in-chief of the Ottoman forces in the Balkan wars, Enver Bey, was slain on February 17. This was followed soon after by the assassination of Nazim Pacha, Turkish premier. Turkey and Mexico appear to have been contending with each other for honor in the line of assassination, with Mexico slightly in the lead.

European affairs have gone along rather as usual, barring a few extra startling outbreaks by suffragettes in England, such as the sensational suicide of the young suffragette who threw herself before the king's horse in the derby and was killed. Politically England has been in a fury, which, however, is nothing out of the ordinary. The year has seen the very remarkable "rebellion" of Ulster, under the direction of Sir Edward Carson, and the organization of an "army" of Ulstermen to resist enforcement of the home rule bill should it pass parliament.

England has also had its share of labor troubles. There have been large strikes at home and in Ireland, notably the Dublin riots, led by Jim Larkin. All of the European powers have gone on as heretofore in the construction of battleships, and the "armed camp" policies of Germany, England,

rather as usual, barring a few extra startling outbreaks by suffragettes in England, such as the sensational suicide of the young suffragette who threw herself before the king's horse in the derby and was killed.

Floods in the Mississippi valley as a result of Ohio floods.

Tornado destroys part of Omaha, Neb.

Zeppelin L-2 exploded October 7.

Twenty killed.

Gas explosion near Pittsburgh kills 120 miners.

Long Beach, Cal., pier gives way, killing 35 persons.

Disastrous floods in Texas, early part of October.

Krupp scandal in Germany. Disclosures made April 18.

Sports.

American successfully defends the international polo cup against Great Britain.

Hotel workers' strike in New York city Jan. 10.

Steamship Nevada strikes a mine in

Gulf of Smyrna. One hundred and twenty drowned.

Steamer Volturno turned at sea October 14. One hundred and thirty-six drown, 625 rescued.

Fifty girls die in factory fire at Binghamton, N. Y. July 22.

Storm at Nome, Alaska, kills 11, destroys 500 houses, \$1,500,000 loss.

The Death Roll.

Enver Bey, chief of staff Turkish army, assassinated February 17.

Henry N. Flagler, one of founders of Standard Oil company, and financial magnate.

George I, king of Greece, assassinated by mad anarchist at Salonika, March 18.

James R. Keene, financier, dies January 2.

Deaths of Cardinals Oreglia, dean of the Sacred College, and Rampolla, within a few days of each other at the Vatican.

Luther McCarthy, pugilist, died at Albany May 24.

Death of emperor of Japan.

Nazim Pacha, Turkish premier, assassinated.

King Menelik of Abyssinia reported dead. His death confirmed on December 23.

Philadelphia Athletics defeat the New York Giants in the world's championship baseball series, October 11.

Sir Thomas Lipton's challenge for the America's cup is accepted by New York Yacht club.

Invention and Exploration.

Vilhjalmur Stefansson sails from British Columbia on Arctic Expedition June 17.

Robert G. Fowler flies cross the Panama canal April 27.

Crocker Land Expedition sails from New York July 2d.

Horse racing resumed in New York state on May 30.

Jim Thorpe admits he is a professional athlete and resigns Olympic trophies, January 27.

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Art Defended.

Another echo from the loan exhibit.

The man was from out of town, and rather inclined to be critical. The girl was a Clevelander, and filled with civic pride.

They paused in front of a striking picture.

"Ah, that's an old master!" exclaimed the man.

"Maybe it is," defended the girl, "but you can see for yourself that the frame is perfectly new!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Art Defended.

"Keep quiet. Spouters in going to make a few remarks."

"Impossible!"

"You mean he can't talk?"

"No, I mean he can't make a few remarks."

No Chance for Him.

"If he keeps up in this manner, he'll never make a name for himself."

HOME DEPARTMENT OF THE AVALANCHE

FEATURES OF INTEREST AND VALUE TO THE WOMEN IN THE HOMES OF GRAYLING AND CRAWFORD COUNTY.

The KITCHEN CABINET



"It is not in a man's creed, but in his deeds, not in his knowledge, nor in his wisdom, not in his power, but in his sympathy that there lies the essence of what is good and what will last in a human life."

-F. York Powell.

HELPFUL HINTS.

A small rubber mat in the kitchen where one stands is a great rest to the feet. A few folds of carpet will answer as well if the rubber mat is not a possession.

To make sauces, fillings or dressings which require flour or cornstarch, mix the dry ingredients together well before adding the liquid, and a smooth sauce will always result. Flour or cornstarch will be smooth added to melted fat and well mixed before adding the liquid.

To clean and toughen a broom, dip it in hot salt water a few times, shake out and hang up. Letting a broom stand on the straw will ruin its shape.

To keep sparrows from roosting, stuff the places with dried bran dipped in kerosene. In a day or two they will give up the places.

A small bottle of chloroform in a fur chest is a fine germ killer. An ordinary ink will allow evaporation.

Put a pad of oil cloth or any cloth over the corners of the table, before placing a new cloth on, and the corners will not wear off.

The following for a kitchenette is all that one has once had it done, last for years. Just simply after every day's use will clean.

When making a present to the boy, it is an attractive touch, holds it, the gift is more appreciated. Cover soiled books with pretty wall paper and which harmonizes with the room.

How many housekeepers value the little scrubbing brush which may be bought for two cents, used to scrub the pots and pans, and the drip pan of the gas stove, there is no limit to its usefulness.

If the closet has a car which hangs around, it will save the clothing and may be kept fresh and clean.

Lace curtains may be made very neatly by putting a piece of netting in starch and applying them to the torn or worn places. After it is dry, trim the edges carefully.

A piece of gum camp in the silver chest will keep it from tarnishing.

We must be as surprised to a picture, which we are willing to give a good light.

-Emerson.

SANDWICHES IN SOCIETY.

Now that the afternoon tea is such a cosy event of social life, it is not be amiss to dig up a few sandwiches appropriate to such and other occasions. A dainty sandwich indeed a tasty bite, and it needs to be prepared and combine mixture.

If the bread is to be cut before cutting the meat, it is best to be cut thinner, even softened and crushed them.

Sandwiches, when fresh for hours, are dropped in a dampened napkin with one over it.

Ripe Olive Sandwiches.—Stone half a cupful of ripe olives; add one sweet green pepper, remove the seeds and chop all together, and mix well. Combine with cream cheese and have a filling which is especially delicious. Season the cream cheese with French dressing before mixing with the olives. Ripe olives are usually nice alone, chopped and mix with French dressing.

Fried Sandwich—Chop fine one cup of eggs. Cook a pante with a half cupful of hot water. Add a teaspoonful of lemon juice and set away until cold. Spread on buttered bread and sprinkle with chopped nuts.

Sweet Nut Sandwiches.—Chop together one-half cupful of seedless raisins and a cupful of nut meats; add a quarter of a cupful of coconut and a tablespoonful of granulated chocolate. Mix well together and beaten with cream.

Date Sandwiches.—Use whole wheat bread for these. Top a cupful of dates that have been stoned; add a tablespoonful of orange juice and sprinkle with cinnamon.

Chives chopped out fine with the scissors and added to cream cheese well seasoned with salt and paprika makes a most appealing filling for sandwiches.

Nellie Maxwell.

Not Much Being.
"I would like to find a tranquil existence," said the grumpy man of affairs.

"About how tranquil?" asked his hard-worked secretary.

The other thought a moment. "Oh," he answered, "about as tranquil a life as a gorm loads on a thousand-dollar bill."

Parrot Buys the Paper.
A parrot that purchases the newspaper every morning is owned by Pa-

Dinner Gown in Brocade and Chiffon.



THREE views of a handsome dinner or reception gown are made possible by the clever triplicate minor arrangement, in front of which it was posed. The straight skirt, with a demi-train, is made of crepe having raised velvet roses and foliage scattered over the surface. The roses are very large and in a slightly darker shade than the crepe.

The chiffon overdress and bodice repeat the color in the crepe. The under bodice is of thin silk in a light color. There is a beaded girdle, narrow, and edged with the narrowest border of fur. This tiny edge of dark fur appears again on a small piece of drapery made of the brocade, which is posed on the bodice, extending from under the arms at the belt to the beginning of the bust.

The neck of the bodice is slightly pointed at the back, but is cut square in front. It is shirred over the foundation and is very simple. The short, full sleeves are set in and edged with a narrow band of the brocade. A button bow of ribbon is posed at the front finished with silk pendants.

There is a frill of brocaded maline about the neck of the bodice which does not extend across the front. Under this is a lace edging which lies flat to the neck all round and is very attractive and becoming.

Unlike many overdresses, which are wired into the lampshade effect, this

overdress is drawn in at the bottom with shirring thread. It slopes down to a point at the middle of the back and is finished with a narrow band of satin ribbon tied in a simple bow at the front with ends finished with pendants like those on the bodice.

The undersleeve of the bodice is finished with a band of lace like that in the neck, and it is cut on without fullness. There is a crushed turn-back cuff above the band of lace, made of the chiffon.

A novel feature in the bodice is the introduction of a narrow casing in the maline ruff which holds a tiny supporting wire. This is for the purpose of holding the ruff in an upstanding position away from the neck.

There is nothing intricate or difficult in the shaping of this dinner gown. The materials are not unusual, and altogether it is one of the most practical and graceful models which Paris has furnished for the present season. In spite of the curious and sometimes freakish departures from the conventional which one sees so often pictured, it is the practical gowns of this character which have pleased discriminating women of fashion. There is plenty of distinction in the wonderful materials and in the use of color, not to mention tassels and bead work, without resorting to bizarre designs to get chic effects.

JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

NEAT AND DURABLE SERVING APRON IS NOT HARD TO MAKE

A SERVING apron must be made to stand weekly tubbing at least, and substantial materials are the only kind worth making up. A good and not very sheer India linen is used in the apron which appears in the illustration, and the lace is a strong cotton weave with square mesh and figure.

The bib and apron are cut in one piece, with the shoulder pieces cut long enough to reach to the belt in the

which fasten it to place make at additional ornamentation to the apron.

Hems at the bottom and at the end of the ties look best when sewed by hand, but few people feel like giving so much time to a detail that is not important. Careful, even machine stitching is decorative and quite good enough.

A wide binding of the fabric is placed on the apron at each side and starts at the rows of insertion. These, which are made separately, are sewed to this binding. All these details of construction are planned to add strength to the apron, because its freshness is its best feature and that means soap and water and rubbing and ironing many a time before the apron begins to go to pieces.

There are quite a number of designs for serving aprons. It is best to select one and stick to it. The example here is large enough for any maid, and is as easy to launder as a handkerchief. Four such aprons ought to insure freshness in the maid's appearance at all times.

For ladies who serve their guests, smaller, more lacy and much more elaborate aprons, ribbon-trimmed, in fact much fussed up with bows and turban-like, are made. Friends make them for one another, and they are dainty bits of finery. Such aprons are usually made by hand. Cross-barred muslins and other sheer materials are used for them, with val or chintz lace in trimming. Little pockets are introduced and many sprightly bows and rosettes of gay ribbon. Pretty figured voiles, white ground, covered with scattered flowers, and figured lawns, are fine for such aprons.

JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

back. The ties are long enough to make a bow with short ends. After the apron has been cut out the insertion is fastened to the right side. Then the fabric underneath it is split and turned back. Over the raw edges bias tape is fastened and then machine stitched down. This covers the raw edges and strengthens the apron. The tape, showing through the material, and the even rows of machine stitch

make a bow with short ends.

After the apron has been cut out the insertion is fastened to the right side. Then the fabric underneath it is split and turned back. Over the raw edges bias tape is fastened and then machine stitched down. This covers the raw edges and strengthens the apron. The tape, showing through the material,

again merely decorative.

There have been many novelties introduced this season, some of which are both practical and pretty, others again merely decorative.

A New Year Evangel

By REV. PARLEY E. ZARTMANN, D.D.

Secretary of Extension Department
Meody Bible Institute, Chicago

[By Gurd M. Hayes.]

Lansing, Mich.—Apparently the constitution of Michigan is no longer held as a sort of a sacred trust by the people of this state. Legislators who used to regard the governing instrument of the state as a sort of fetish to be eulogized in spread eagle speeches have apparently dropped out of sight. To the younger generation of lawmakers the constitution is held in about as high esteem as the proceedings of a local board of supervisors and the state of mind of the present day solon was aptly expressed by a member of the legislature from a rural district a few sessions ago, who arose in his seat and replied to a remark from a colleague irreverently exclaimed "the constitution be damned."

The blessed assurance proclaimed in the text is indeed an evangel for the new year; it opens a door into a large place, in which Christ is everything to the soul; and its appropriation will mean a happy New Year for saint and sinner.

Two recent experiences have fixed the text in my mind and heart for the work and need of the year. One day I was in the office of a Christian business man and when he told me of his up-and-down experiences and his fear of failure I gave him this verse and asked him to put it on his desk. Before the day was over I was engaged in personal work in an evangelistic meeting, and to a man who said he was afraid to confess Christ for fear he could not hold out, I said, Take Philippians 1:6, and count on God holding out. He made the venture on faith, and finds Christ meeting every need with sufficient grace.

How Can I Get Through?

How many Christians are fearful and doubtful about the continuance and completion of that new life which began in them when they took Christ as their Savior. To them the Christian life is not only difficult, it is a daily struggle, and a daily fear of collapse and defeat. They began well, but something has hindered them, and they stand in dread of some spiritual calamity. Service for Christ is irksome. Prayer has little meaning and less blessing or power. The Bible is neglected or forgotten. Joy has fled from the soul, and gladness from the life. Some days are bright, and others gloomy. Some days are happy, but on others you wonder whether God is still alive. You begin to question the reality of your conversion, you wonder how you will ever get through, and you despair of winning heaven at last.

Remember the assurance of the text. It takes two to live the Christian life—Christ and the believer; and every day you may have all of him you need. Always remember that the Christian life is not a matter of attainment, but obtainment—take it from Christ. This is a truth that needs to be magnified. When God moves into the heart of a man, and a man yields up his life to the instruction and guidance of God, God will take him through. There may be disappointments—days when everything goes wrong; there may be temptations—days when the devil presents the strongest and most alluring appeals to eye-gate or ear-gate or to other avenues of the life, seeking to get your consent to some enticement and to bring you into subjection to the powers of darkness; there will be days of sorrow—days when friends fail you, when loved ones leave you, when you look into an open grave and reach out after help; there will be days when you doubt—when you think your Christian life is a thing of no consequence to yourself and no contribution to the cause of Christ or the coming of his kingdom. But—and be sure of this—God will see that he wins in the end. This is his will; this is what he loves to do; this is what he has begun in you; and nothing is too hard for him—he will perfect it. Always he is working to perfect us in the very image of Jesus Christ.

In all our need we may count upon the persistence, patience and perfection of Christ's work.

The All-Sufficient Savior.

The text is also an evangel for the sinner, and he who hesitates to begin the Christian life may be assured here and now that "he which hath begun will perfect." All he waits for is your faith, your surrender, your obedience; then you will enter upon a new year which by the grace of the mighty God of Jacob will go on into an eternal life, and this life is in his Son. He says, "My son, give me thine heart." When you do that he will enter in and take possession of that throne and from it rule every region of the life just so far as you yield it to him. Do not hesitate to do it. You will find Christ an all-sufficient Savior.

As your substitute he will deal with the guilt of sin; as your Righteousness he will deal with the defilement of sin; and as your Lord he will deal with the power of sin. Nothing is too hard for God.

There is a three-fold card in the New Year's evangel. 1. Prophecy—"Until the day of Christ"—when you will be complete in him. 2. Promise—"He which hath begun a good work in you will perfect it." God will not rest until his work is done; and when it is done he will call it good. 3. Assurance—"Being confident of this very thing." May you have the confidence which says, "I know when I have believed, and am persuaded that he is able to keep that which I have committed unto him, against that day."

According to the Michigan Immigration commission the state's branch in New York city is in working order and a campaign for desirable immigrants for Michigan is about to be opened. The office of the bureau, which is in charge of Albert Wassink, formerly of Holland and Grand Rapids, in which cities he practiced law, is

located in the United States Immigration building and the federal government is co-operating with Michigan in assisting the state to secure the best immigrants for Michigan.

It is purposed to advertise in all the larger cities of Germany, Sweden, and other countries of northern Europe asking foreigners who are planning to come to this country to communicate with the Michigan bureau in New York city. In this manner it is expected that several thousand immigrants will be secured who have had experience on farm work and will supply the demand for farm labor in this state.

The State Grange and The Michigan Association of Farmers clubs will co-operate with the New York bureau and the executive committee of the two organizations will send directly to New York the names of all farmers who desire to employ immigrants on their farms. It is expected in this manner to secure a steady demand for the foreigners which will begin early in the spring when the first of the immigrants will arrive in this country.

State Land Commissioner A. C. Carton says that there is little cause for the attacks which have made upon Michigan lands in the upper peninsula and in the northern part of the lower peninsula. While he claims that some of the soil is sandy and not of the best quality, there is undoubtedly some use to which it will be put in future years and he points to thousands of acres which are parts of ranches in Roscommon county and upon which the owners expect to realize big returns raising cattle.

Mr. Carton says that the state suffered when it is heralded broadcast that former city residents are starving to death on farms in northern Michigan, bought of land speculators. He also doubts the statement and cited several instances where former city residents had made good on farms which had been purchased with little money and upon which alfalfa and other products thrived.

The state official states that everyone cannot be a farmer and some of the brightest residents of cities might starve on a farm because farming is becoming a profession and requires considerable knowledge of various crops and soils, etc.

The poorer lands in Michigan do not need to be utilized at the present time according to Mr. Carton, but with experimentation now being carried on by the Michigan Agricultural college in the upper peninsula he expects that it will be found the sandy soil in this state can be utilized for various crops which can be grown with profit.

"If the land will grow alfalfa or anything that will carry cattle over the winter," said Mr. Carton, "there will be money in raising cattle on these lands because there is plenty of grass on the lands to fatten the herd during the summer months. And there should be certain crops which will thrive on the lands, and I am certain that when the demand for the lands increases we will find crops which will grow and make money for the farmers who make purchases and settle in this alleged barren territory."

Reports that a number of large corporations are not reporting accidents to the industrial accident board are to be investigated by that body in the near future.

A military indoor baseball league for central Michigan national guard companies is the idea of Company C, Third Infantry, Port Huron. Capt. Leroy Pearson, of this organization, has written to captains of other companies, asking them to join with him in forming the league. The teams will be picked from these companies, and each company will have one home game and one game abroad with each of the others, a schedule of 10 games for each team.

"Mule-foot" hogs have reached Michigan. While Joe Wilbur, residing a few miles south of Three Rivers, is the prize owner of these animals, several farmers around Battle Creek have invested, and are now waiting for cholera to come around. It is alleged the "mule-foot" hogs don't get cholera, and are immune from hoof and mouth diseases. Wilbur has more than 200 of them, and his place is proving a mecca for southern Michigan stock raisers. The animals are called "mule-foot" as their hoofs, instead of being cloven like regular swine, are solid like that of the mule. They grow rapidly and will weigh as high as 700 pounds when full grown and fattened.

Edison Co. Would Sell Stock.

Lansing, Mich.—The Detroit Edison Co., of Detroit, has made application to the state railroad commission for authority to increase its capital stock from \$15,000,000 to \$25,000,000, and to issue and sell \$3,400,000 per year six per cent ten-year convertible bonds, the proceeds from the sale of which is to be used to acquire property, and for the construction, completion and extension of its property and to discharge present obligations. The commission has set January 6 as the date of hearing on the application.

The original capital stock of the Detroit Edison Co. was \$6,000,000. In February, 1910, it was increased to \$9,000,000, and in November, 1911, to its present capitalization, \$15,000,000.

Tuscola county is disappointed because an agricultural expert is not available at this time. The funds for the salary of these officials have been exhausted, and none will be available until congress makes additional appropriations. The department of agriculture is suggesting to the commission which apply that the government will co-operate with the state as far as possible by extending franchises and other privileges, if the state will pay the salary until the appropriations are made at Washington.

A Happy New Year To You All.

Central Drug Store

Crawford Avalanche

O. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....	\$1.50
Six Months.....	.75
Three Months.....	.40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JAN. 1.

Correspondence

Beaver Creek Breezes.

Carl Christensen has returned to Beaver Creek.

Henry Moon has been on the sick list for some time past.

Perry Hatch has sold his farm to Joe Benton of Grayling.

Mrs. Ralph Hanna spent Christmas with her daughter, at Perry.

Mrs. Will Moon is quite sick at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Homer Benedict.

Mr. and Mrs. John Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Nielsen and Miss Claire Parker spent Christmas, at Andrew Mortensen.

Mrs. Gust Reisburg has moved to Roscommon for the winter and her niece, Miss Elsa Nelson returned to her home in Illinois.

Miss Mable Moon and Axel Christensen were married at Roscommon Christmas evening. Their friends wish them a long and happy life together.

LORDS DEBATE GARDEN WALL

Expensive Three-Year Suit Over Trial Repairs Finally Settled in London.

London.—A long and expensive dispute over a garden wall has just been ended in the house of lords.

The wall separated the gardens of two houses on the Chelsea embankment. On one side live Sir John Wolfe-Barry, on the Eliza Theodore Minturn Litigation began in 1910 to decide whether there was a defect in the wall, and, if so, who was responsible for it.

The case was taken from court to court until it was finally submitted to the house of lords. Although the defect could have been repaired for a small amount, thousands of pounds were expended in law suits.

WOLVES CIRCLE THE COUPLE

Minneapolis Man and His Wife Save Lives by Building Fire for Night.

Shotley, Minn.—Mr. and Mrs. Roy Boyd of Minneapolis were in danger of being killed by a pack of wolves according to the story they told here, and saved their lives by building a fire. The Boyds have been camping on Upper Red lake and became lost. Darkness overtook them. Suddenly the pack began circling them. Mrs. Boyd became hysterical. Mr. Boyd hurriedly started a fire. The wolves paced back and forth all night. At daybreak the Boyd made their way back to camp.

Fire Due to "Bad Luck."

Morrisstown, N. J.—A \$12,000 fire here was considered due to a combination of unlucky things. The fire chief and his two assistants were out of town, both engines were out of commission and the water pressure was bad.

California Woman Seriously Alarmed.

A short time ago I contracted a severe cold which settled on my lungs and caused me a great deal of annoyance. I would have had coughing spells and my lungs were so sore and inflamed I began to be seriously alarmed. A friend recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, saying she had used it for years. I bought a bottle and it relieved my cough the first night, and in a week I was rid of the cold and soreness of my lungs," writes Miss Marie Gerber, Sawtelle, Cal. For sale by all Dealers.

Avalanche

Price \$1.50 a Year.

Grayling's Family Newspaper

The News of Grayling and of Crawford county given in a clean, interesting manner. Don't delay but subscribe today.

Well Greeting spent Christmas in Need City and Milwaukee.

Thieves entered the store of R. D. Conine, Tuesday night and robbed the till of about \$20.00.

Miss N. E. Alexander, of Detroit is a guest at the home of her brother, George L. Alexander.

Our store will be closed on Thursday and Friday of this week on account of inventory. SALLING, HANSON CO.

Miss Chas. Woodbury and children, of Bay City, are visiting relatives and friends in this city during the holidays.

A. Knowles, one of the soldiers, who was surveying the land at the military reservation last summer, was here, Wednesday, the guest of friends.

Miss Zina Smith, who has been in Detroit training for a nurse at Harper hospital, has resigned and expects to remain at home for the present.

Invitations are out for the marriage of Miss Martha Camilla, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Fischer Sr., to Mr. Carl Sorenson, on Sunday evening, January 4th, 1914.

Rev. David P. Gillies and bride returned to Grayling, Friday of last week and are occupying the house vacated by J. H. Lamb and wife. The Avalanche extends congratulations and best wishes.

Sam Joseph, of Indianapolis, Ind., and sister, Miss Ray Joseph, of Detroit, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Joseph over Christmas, returning to their respective homes on Monday afternoon. He also visited his father, H. Joseph.

H. P. Olson, of Detroit, is in this city spending the holidays with relatives and calling on old friends. Mr. Olson at one time was clerk in the freight office here and is holding a similar position in Detroit. He is looking fine as ever and enjoying life in that city.

There will be a boxing contest of 10 rounds on Friday night at the opera house. The contestants are Jim Cuttiberson of this city, but formerly of Standish, and Casey Brooks, a colored man, of Petoskey. Their weights are 165 pounds and 169 respectively. Brooks has defeated all comers for six years.

The surplus of women in Great Britain is in the proportion of 1,029 unmarried females to 1,000 unmarried males, and is not likely to be materially affected by such reckless conduct on the part of women as that indulged in by the frenzied suffragette who hung herself in front of King George's horse at the Derby. There are said to be twice as many widows as widowers in the United Kingdom. This would indicate that many of "the male persuasion" are following the advice of the elder Weller.

From the feminine standpoint Daniel came to judgment and an emblem of chivalry rolled into one is a Missouri Judge who decided that because woman is engaged the fact does not oblige her to refuse the attentions of other men, and that she may lawfully have as many other beaux as she pleases. From the masculine standpoint this marvel of gallantry is simply a foolish person who has never known the pangs of being engaged to a licensed flirt.

Far be it from us to kick, but another little daily pleasure we will have to sit down is to sit in a barber chair and have some fellow who has missed his calling by not going on the vaudeville stage tell funny stories, thrust the soap brush down our throat while trying to catch our breath after that last exceedingly humorous little quip.

Cold Potatoes.

In summer we will find it very convenient to have cold boiled potatoes for use in potato salad or for frying for breakfast or lunch or for creamed potatoes.

We now find bacon and eggs so agreeable and also so easy to cook with little heating of the house that we can easily dispose of the cold potatoes by frying in bacon fat. This will save using of meat while giving a good tendency to balance the lighter diet so desirable in hot weather.

To Keep Mattresses Clean.

Mattresses become soiled very easily. A good way to keep them clean is to get unbleached cloth, the cheap kind is just as good and not so heavy to wash. Make a case just large enough to fit the mattress, so it cannot wrinkle.

Sew it across the head, leaving the foot open. Slip it on and draw it down smooth, and just sew it here and there to hold it in place. When it becomes soiled take it off, wash, iron and replace. Cool, clean and sweet.

Planked Beefsteak.

Take two pounds of beef round steak, pound it well after cutting, half cup flour over it; slice six onions over the steak, salt and pepper well, shake dash of red pepper over also. Fill dripping pan half full of cold water and place in a hot oven to bake one hour; do not turn the meat. Serve from the dish it was baked in.

About Potatoes.

Put the potatoes to soak a little while with a small piece of common soda in the water, and you will find they are much easier to scrape and do not soil the fingers.

For Brick Floors.

A red-brick kitchen floor will keep beautifully red and clean if instead of soap a drop of paraffin oil is used in the water. This mixture removes all the grease marks.

EVERY KNEE SHALL BOW AT JESUS' NAME

Jesus the Center of God's Favors For Church and World.

The Foundation of All Blessings Was Laid at Calvary—God's Favor to the Elect Began at Pentecost—It Will Culminate at Jesus' Second Coming. Then Will Begin the Blessing of the Non-Elect—Christ and the Church Will Reign a Thousand Years—A Royal Priesthood For the Restoration of the World to Human Perfection. Wilfully Wicked Be Destroyed.

Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 28.—Pastor Russell spoke twice here today. We report his discourse from the text, "Unto Me every knee shall bow, every tongue shall swear."—Isaiah 45:23.

Our careful reading of this passage, said the Pastor, has led some to assume that the bowing of the knee and the confession of the tongue will be in mere formality, while hearts are still in rebellion. A careful reading, however, notes that these acts will be to the glory of God. This insures a genuine adoration; for the Master declared that the Father seeketh only such as worship in spirit and in truth. St. Paul quotes this text, and adds that it includes things in Heaven as well as on earth. In other words, the great work which Jesus, as the Father's Representative, will yet accomplish, will bring Him fame, glory and honor amongst angels and men.

Sufferings First and Glory Afterward.

The Pastor then reminded his audience that comparatively few knees bow and tongues yet confess on earth, although Jesus has been highly exalted in Heaven. He declared that it seems necessary for God's people to realize that much confusion and error exist, and to feel heartily ashamed of our unreasonable conclusions—human creeds. The central teaching of the Bible is that Jesus' death was necessary as man's Redemption-price. This is clearly set forth by the Apostles, as well as by the types of the Law.

The worldly-wise scoff at the thought that the shedding of blood is necessary to man's forgiveness and the rolling away of the curse. Shedding of blood is merely another way of saying *sacrificial death*. The Bible assures us that the sentence, "Dying, thou shalt die," was placed upon Father Adam because of disobedience, and that by heredity it has come down to us—his legacy of evil, sorrow, weakness, alienation from God, death.

The Pastor demonstrated that the Supreme Judge of the Universe could not set aside the death sentence of His own Court, and yet be just. There can be no纵情lessness of Original Sin, and no opportunity for life everlasting except by a redemption—payment of the original penalty. Here we see Divine Wisdom and Mercy. God provided that Adam alone should be on trial and only he should be sentenced. Thus He prepared the way for redemption—that as by a man came death, by a Man also should come the resurrection from the dead.

Not the Father, but the Son, Died.

Then the Pastor showed conclusively from Scripture that the Heavenly Father did not compel the Son to die for us; but that He presented His Plan to the Son, and the Son voluntarily carried out the work. Nor was this contract without reward. St. Paul assures us that for the joy set before Him, Jesus endured the cross, despising the shame, and is set down at God's right hand.

The speaker next showed that the Logos, the Son, a spirit being, could become man's Redeemer only by becoming a man—the Man Christ Jesus, who gave Himself a ransom for all.

The Greek word *antilutron*, ransom, signifies a corresponding price. Bulls and goats could not be a corresponding price; neither could angels, nor even the Logos Himself; for they were not on the same plane of being. Thus the Scriptures explain that it was necessary for the Logos to become a Man, in order to effect a ransom for Adam.

The Pastor then pointed out the folly of Christians who delude themselves into thinking that the whole world has had a blessing through Christ ever since He died, and that the millions that died before He tasted death for every man have also been blessed. None but the Church class thus far have received a blessing from Jesus, and so the Scriptures point out.

"The Election Hath Obtained It."

Next the Pastor declared that the key to the matter is found in Romans 11. There St. Paul draws attention to the fact that in rejecting Jesus, Israel rejected God's chiefest blessing, but are still beloved for the fathers' sake. He says, "The Election hath obtained it, and the rest were blinded."

This elect class is to constitute the Messianic Kingdom class. That Kingdom, invisible to men, yet all powerful in their rule, will bring to pass all the glorious promises of the Bible. The Times of Restitution will turn the earth into a paradise, and bring mankind back into the image and likeness of God, just as in Eden, restored by Calvary.

"Look!

We own some of the finest improved farms in Minnesota, Wisconsin and North Dakota that we can sell on crop payments. If you want a home we will help you. If you have a piece of city property or a small farm which you wish to exchange for other land, we can use it. We also have a new stock of groceries and hardware, dry goods, hardware and millinery to exchange for farmland or city property. Write us for particulars. Information cheerfully given. Agents wanted.

C. A. BURKE.

St. Paul, Minn.

Salling, Hanson Co.

Sendeth

Greetings

To All People Everywhere.

MAY this Holiday Season find each comfortable in mind, body and estate. May they have work for their day and sleep for their nights; a supply for their needs and a heart to share with others less fortunate.

May they have strength for their duties and courage for their trials. May they enjoy the love of friends, the confidence of their neighbors, the companionship of children, the respect for their own soul and the approval of the Founder of Christmas himself.

To Our Customers and Friends

Greetings cordial and hearty are here extended. We appreciate your growth in patronage and friendship. We extend sincere thanks for the trade that has made the past year a busy one, and that inspires our determination to deserve it the more.

THE WORD HELL.

A Little Book That Contains Some Startling Information.

A little book selling at only five cents, postpaid, is having a very wide circulation—running up into the millions. It contains some very startling information respecting the meaning of the word Hell. It claims to demonstrate, both from the Hebrew and the Greek of our Bible, that Hell is NOT a place of eternal torment, but merely another name for the TOMB, the GRAVE, the STATE OF DEATH. It affects to show that man was not redeemed from a far-off place of eternal torture, but quotes the Scriptures proving that he was REDEEMED from the GRAVE at the cost of his Redeemer's LIFE and that the Scriptural Hope, both for the Church and the World, is a resurrection hope based upon the death and resurrection of Jesus. The book is certainly worth the reading. The information it furnishes is certainly valuable, far beyond its trifling cost. Order it at once from the Bible and Tract Society, 17 Elicks Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

His Stomach Troubles over.

Mr. Dyspepsia, would you not like to feel that your stomach troubles were over that you could eat any kind of food you desired without injury? That may seem so unlikely to you that you do not even hope for an ending of your trouble, but permit us to assure you that it is not altogether impossible. If others can be cured permanently, and thousands have been, why not you? John R. Barker, of Battle Creek, Mich., is one of them. He says, "I was troubled with heartburn, indigestion, and liver complaint until I used Chamberlain's Tablets, then my trouble was over." Sold by all Dealers.

A Happy and Properous New Year

Ford! Ford!! Ford!!!

The Universal Car.

New Russel Hotel

Under New Management.

Steam Heat.

Electric Lights.

RATES: \$1.50 and \$2.00 per day.

First Class Cafe in Connection.

John F. Davis

Proprietor.

Having recently purchased the agency for the Ford Automobiles for Crawford County, and only having a guarantee to be supplied with a limited number of cars, I wish to announce to all intending purchasers to get your orders in early in order to enjoy a good season of outdoor outing.

Drop a card or call and get a catalog and particulars from

GEO. BURKE

Agent Ford Motor Co., Frederic, Mich.

Start the new year with a subscription to the
CRAWFORD AVALANCHE.

WORMS!

I'll Guarantee
"SALT-EM" will rid your stock
of WORMS—save that loss
from undigested feed—
ward off DISEASE.

I'll sell you 10, 20, 40—100 lbs. of
"SALT-EM" on plain agreement
money back if you are not satisfied
after a test of 20 days.

Try "SALT-EM!" Come and see me.
Get book on "SALT-EM" free.
100 lbs. \$5.00
Smaller—75c.
\$1.25, \$2.25

A. M. Lewis & Co.
AGENTS FOR CONVAY'S
POULTRY & STOCK DRUGS

Crawford Avalanche.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JAN. 1.

Local News

The Scouts sold 2,700 seals and are still selling.

Ring up 654 your New Year resolution to join the church.

M. Brenner made a business trip to Bay City on Friday afternoon last.

The Moose gave a rabbit supper at their club rooms Saturday evening.

Menno Corwin won the Scout watch for best drawing of the Methodist church.

New Year's party for the Epworth League at the M. E. parsonage, January 6th.

Miss Anna Weir, of Flint, visited over Sunday with her sister Mrs. Frank Mack.

The tax roll is now in the hands of the treasurer at the Bank of Grayling ready for collections.

M. Brenner and family spent Christmas in Lewiston at the home of Mr. Brenner's sister, Mrs. G. Gassell and family.

Mabel Nelson spent Monday in Gaylord. She left on Tuesday for Big Rapids, where she is going to enter the Ferris Institute.

Axel Christenson and Miss Mabel Moon, of Beaver Creek, were united in marriage at Roscommon, on December 24th. Rev. Etheridge performed the ceremony.

Marshal M. Brenner is supporting a man new uniform from shoes to helmet. Well wager that there isn't a finer appearing policeman in the state of Michigan.

Mr. and Mrs. P. D. Borchers and little son, Clare, returned Friday morning after several weeks spent in California, visiting Mrs. Borcher's aunt, Mrs. A. E. Buck in San Jacinto.

Come in and order your fall and winter suit and overcoat made by Rogers, Blake & Co., and you will be sure of a fine fitting suit and overcoat. A. E. HENDRICKSON, 104-105 Merchant Tailor.

Miss Gladys Redmond, of Cheboygan, is expected this week. She is intending to enter training for a nurse at Mercy hospital. Miss Redmond has been in this city before, during the illness of her little brother at the hospital, visiting the Misses Cassidy while here.

B. L. Mead, wife and daughter spent Sunday at Gaylord.

Miss Laura Simpson, of Calumet is home for the holidays.

Eugene Smith, who is working in Pontiac, spent Xmas at his home or for First Class Laundry, call Peter Jorgenson, Phone 853. Open day and night. 12-12-12-12

Kenneth Howell returned from East Jordan, after spending Christmas with relatives.

The hotel and saloon of Peter Johnson's at Gaylord suffered a bad fire, Saturday.

Two furnished bed rooms for rent for January 1st. Phone 1021—Mrs. J. Douglas.

D. B. Goodrich and wife, of Gaylord, are the guests of their daughter, Mrs. A. C. Olson.

Elmer Johnson, of Gaylord, is visiting his cousin, Clarence Johnson, over the holidays.

For Sale:—My Automobile, value \$250 on tax roll. Will sell same for \$150. Jas. Jorgenson.

Miss Clara Nelson of Vulcan, Michigan is visiting her parents here during the holiday season.

Miss Mollie Johnson, of Saginaw, spent Christmas at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Johnson.

Little Leo Weinberg, of Saginaw, is spending the holidays at the home of his grandmother, Mrs. A. Kraus.

Masters Donley and Frederick Barlow, of Saginaw, are guests of their cousin, Waldemar Rosier during the holidays.

Miss Emma Frederickson, of Gaylord, was a pleasant caller at the home of Mrs. Frank Mack Monday, enroute to Big Rapids.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Kidd entertained the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Kidd and brother, John, of Bay City, over Christmas.

Dr. and Mrs. C. A. Canfield entertained the latter's sister, Miss Irene Miller, of Gladwin, over Sunday. Miss Miller is a teacher in the Charlotte schools.

Mr. and Mrs. McFee and children spent Christmas at their former home in West Branch. Mr. McFee returned on Friday, but Mrs. McFee and children will remain until after New Years.

Miss Boesen visited over Christmas at the home of Fred Larson in Johannesburg, returning on Monday afternoon. She attended the club party there Friday night.

Mrs. Chas. Thayer, and little daughter, Ruth, returned to their home in Vanderbilts, this week after several weeks visit with her sister, Mrs. Chris Piehl, and family. Mr. Thayer also visited at the Piehl home over Christmas day.

The Grayling Machinery Repair company just received a fine new Overland car that is attracting considerable interest. This firm has taken the agency for the Overland for this and neighboring counties and look forward to a big business in the auto line this year.

The second annual ball and banquet of the Loyal Order of Moose will be held New Year night. The work of decorating the ball and banquet rooms is in the hands of Henry Joseph, and it goes without saying that the rooms will be beautiful. Everything will be in complete readiness in ample time, and no details will be lacking for making this party a grand success. The music will be furnished by Clark's and Bradley's orchestras, and from the time that the ball begins there will be continuous dancing.

Burke Parsons spent Christmas with his family in Bay City.

Lillian McLeod, of Bay City, enjoyed Xmas day at her home attending the party in the evening.

F. D. Smith and family, of Bay City, spent Xmas at the home of the former's father, Delavan Smith and family.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Lewis entertained formally for Mr. and Mrs. Fred Michelson of Detroit, Monday evening.

Mrs. Jacob Collins, of Linden, is at home spending the holidays visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Goudow.

The dancing party on Christmas night was a very enjoyable affair, being well attended. Many out of town guests were present.

George Ballenger and wife are entertaining the former's sister, Mrs. Elizabeth McGowan and little daughter, of West Branch.

For Sale—8 W of NW Section 1 Township 26, Range 1 West. Terms, to suit purchaser. E. Daniel 517 Market St., Emporia, Kansas.

Lost—Between A. Bauman's and O. W. Hanson's residences, a white enameled link bracelet. Finder please leave at this office. Reward.

Agnes Hanson, who is teaching school at Mt. Pleasant, is home for the holidays, also Louise Petersen, who is attending the Ypsilanti Normal.

Mrs. J. C. Foreman is a patient at Mercy hospital, having undergone an operation upon her cheek, where an abscess had formed. She is getting along nicely.

The Avalanche acknowledges receipt of a handsome calendar from Swift & Co., of Chicago. It contains four pictures, each representing one of the seasons. It is very dainty and a work of art.

The Grayling Social club will give their annual New Year ball on New Year's eve! The rooms are prettily decorated for the occasion. A number of out of town guests are expected to be present.

Miss Lola Craven, of Frederic was the winner in Gardner's Doll contest which closed last Wednesday night. She had 22,950 votes, Mary Wilbur was close second with 22,825 votes and Agnes Gendron, third with 22,575 votes.

The G. G. G. Club was entertained by Miss Agnes Havens with a delightful party last Thursday evening. Music and story telling were the amusements of the evening when all were not diligently sewing. A most enjoyable time being spent by all. Late in the evening a delicious spread was served to the following guests: Misses Francelia Wingard, Beau-lah Dingman, Altha Nielsen, Anna Dingman, Laundra Nielsen and Matilda Foley.

After God had finished the rattlesnake, the toad and the vampire, He had some awful substance left, with which he made a knocker. A knocker is a two-legged animal with a corkscrew soul, a water slogged brain and a combination backbone made of jelly and glue. Where other people have their hearts, it carries a tumor of rotted principle. When the knocker comes down the street, honest men turn their backs, the angels in heaven take precipitate refuge behind their harps and the devil barlocks the gates of hell.—Ex.

The installation of officers of Grayling Lodge No. 356 F. & A. M., took place on Saturday evening, December 27th at which a large number of the members were present to greet the new officers. Past master, Geo. Mahon officiated as installing officer, assisted by Wm. Woodfield as marshal. After the installation ceremonies had been completed the members sat down to a fish banquet and everyone present appreciated the supper. After supper Past Master Mahon, Conning and Collen spoke with the purpose of influencing the members on the good of the order. They were very ably followed by Rev. V. J. Hutton, Messrs. Merriman, Mutton, Johnson, Freeland and Simpson. At the conclusion Rev. Hutton gave thanks for the blessings that had been bestowed upon the lodge.

New Year Greetings

THE Ancients had a proverb that "He is fortunate who possesses wealth, he is more fortunate who achieves success, he who possesses both is rich indeed; yet he who may rightly claim one true and faithful friend is richer than all three."

It pleases us to count nearly all our customers friends; most of them have been with us for some years. We wish them all a Happy New Year and all three of these blessings.

Grayling Mercantile Company**Stop! Look!
Listen!**

This is a list of second-hand goods left with us to dispose of quick. It is all in good condition and every piece is well worth the price asked.

Iron Bed, Vernis Martin	\$ 12.00
Spring, double coil	6.75
Chiffonier, golden oak	11.75
Oak Dressing Table	7.75
Misses Rocker, wood seat	1.75
Library Table	11.50
Parlor Rocker, green silk plush	6.00
Odd Corner Chair	5.00
Wood Seat Rocker	2.00
Upholstered Rocker	1.75
Phonograph, Edison, with horn	25.00
50 Records, each	.25
Record Cabinet, Mahogany	15.00
Piano	325.00
Center Table, glass feet	3.75
Dining Table	8.00
Roll Seat Rocker	3.00
Roll Seat Rocker (damaged)	2.50
5 Dining Chairs	8.00
New Home Sewing Machine	22.00
Combination Book Case	7.00
Clock	10.00
High Chair	2.00
Washing Machine	3.00
Cupboard	2.50
Child's Cutter	2.00
Commode	2.00
Pitcher and Bowl	.60
Lawn Mower	4.75

Printing and Advertising.

That's OUR Business—Always Ready for Your Order.

What's Wanted?

If interested call early at the Furniture Store.

Sorenson Brothers
THE HOME OF DEPENDABLE FURNITURE**The Masonic Protective Association**
Worcester, Massachusetts
Established 1895. Incorporated under Massachusetts Laws
Surplus to Protect Policy Holders, \$234,691.70

PAYS sick, accident and death benefits for Masons only.
PAYS for 60 weeks, beginning with the first week.
PAYS one-half benefits for first week.
PAYS \$50.00 per week for 10 weeks special travelling indemnity.
PAYS 10% increase in regular weekly benefits after a year.

M. BRENNER.

You Can't Afford to Be Without It.

Get Your Rubber Stamps at the Avalanche Office.

WHY NOT MEET AT SIMPSON'S THE COMING YEAR TO BUY YOUR GROCERIES DRY GOODS and SHOES

MILTON SIMPSON PHONE



The Last Word in
"Good Things to Eat"

Phone 130

Brink's Grocery

Where Quality, Weight and Measure are Guaranteed.

MAKES CHANGES IN CURRENCY SYSTEM

New Money Law Displaces 122-Year-Old Code.

IS FAR-REACHING IN SCOPE

Most Important Law Relating to Finance Passed in Many Years—Essential Features of the Measure Explained in Nontechnical Language.

Washington, Dec. 23.—The new bill affecting the currency, banking and finances of the country is one of the most far-reaching measures relating to finance that have been enacted in many years.

The magnitude of the subject, the diversity of interests affected and the length of the debates in both branches of congress has to follow the changes and grasp the essentials of this highly technical measure in its important bearings on money, finance, banking and the entire range of fiscal subjects, public and private, which it affects.

Summary of the Bill.

With a view, therefore, of presenting succinctly and in non-technical language an epitome of the salient features of the measure as finally framed, the following summary is given of the bill as a whole and of its principal details:

Generally speaking, the first step to be taken to bring into operation the nation's new financial system will be through an organization committee consisting of the secretary of the treasury, secretary of agriculture and controller of the currency.

Banks have 60 days within which to file their applications for membership in the new system, and one year's time is allowed before the government will compel the dissolution of any national bank that refuses to join.

Will "Take Up the slack."

The new law will make little direct change in the operation of the present national banks, except to allow them to loan a certain amount of their funds upon farm mortgages.

Its chief purpose is to add a new piece of machinery to the banking system that will "take up the slack" during the changing business conditions of each year; that will give the banks a place to quickly convert their assets into cash in time of need, and that will bring out new federal currency when it is needed, and retire it when money becomes "cheap."

Banks are now required to keep a certain percentage of their deposits as "reserves," part in cash in their own vaults and part of which may be redeposited in the banks of New York, Chicago, St. Louis and other designated cities.

In times of sudden financial demands, when banks have loaned up to the full limit of their resources, these reserves furnish little relief, because if they are paid out to meet demands the banks are left in a precarious condition.

Basic Principle of Law.

The basic principle of the new law is to get these reserve funds out into circulation when necessary without lessening the safety of any bank, and to provide a place to which local banks may rush in a crisis and get cash for the "prime commercial paper" they hold in their vaults.

This is to be accomplished through a chain of regional reserve banks or "reservoirs of reserves," in which all banks shall deposit a stated part of the money they are required to hold as reserves.

Under the new system, when a financial hurry comes the banks can take commercial paper, such as notes, drafts and bills of exchange, to these "reservoirs," and secure the use of their own reserves, or, if necessary, even the reserve of other banks, by depositing this security.

The new regional banks will receive about one-half of the bank reserves of the country. They in turn will be permitted to loan back to the banks all but 35 per cent. of these reserves, so that in case of emergency millions of cash can be brought out into circulation quickly.

The banks will have to pay for these loans, however, as individuals have to pay for a loan from any local bank, and this charge is expected to prevent the too free use of the reserves held by the regional banks.

New Paper Currency.

A new form of paper currency is also provided for, to come out in case of emergency, and which is expected to go back into the hands of the government when times are normal. These "treasury notes" will be printed by the government and issued through each regional reserve bank, and will bear the guarantee both of the regional bank and of the government.

If the demand for currency in any section of the country exceeds the supply of circulating money a regional bank can secure this new money from the government and put it into circulation; but a gold reserve of 40 per cent. and commercial paper equal to the full value of the note must be held as a reserve behind each note issued.

This provision is expected to be the influence that will drive the new money back into retirement when it is no longer needed.

Clearly Explained.

The following analysis presents the details of the new law without adhering closely to the technical division or language of the measure:

At the head of the system will stand

a federal reserve board at Washington, appointed by the president, and to consist of the secretary of the treasury, the controller of the currency and five other members. Two of these shall be export bankers, but none shall have banking affiliations or own bank stock during their service. This board will exercise general control over the entire system.

The temporary "organization committee" or the federal reserve board, will select from eight to twelve cities where regional reserve banks shall be located and will divide the entire country geographically with these cities as the centers of districts. All national banks in a district will be required to subscribe for the stock of the regional reserve bank in that district and to keep a portion of their reserves there.

Known as "Member Banks."

Local banks will be known as "member banks" because they will own the stock of the regional reserve bank of their district. Each member bank will be required to take capital stock of the regional reserve bank, equal to 6 per cent. of the member bank's capital and surplus. The capital of the regional bank will increase one-twelfth every six months thereafter until it reaches six-tenths. For three years the unallotted portion of the reserve may be kept in the banks of reserve cities. After that time it must be kept either in the country banks and vaults or in the regional reserve bank.

Reserve city banks—Total reserve required, 15 per cent. of demand and 5 per cent. of time deposits. Six-tenths must be kept in the bank's vaults for the first two years and five-tenths after that time. Three-tenths must be kept in the regional reserve bank for the first year, increasing one-fifteenth every six months thereafter until it reaches six-tenths. For three years the unallotted portion of the reserve may be kept in other banks, in its own vaults, or in the regional bank; after that time in one of the latter two places.

National banks are compelled to join and state banks are permitted to do if they bring their reserve requirements up to the standard set for national banks and submit to national examinations.

Public Can Buy Stock.

Public ownership of the stock of the regional reserve banks is permitted only in case enough banks do not join in any district to provide a capital stock of \$4,000,000. In such event the public may purchase the stock in quantities limited to \$25,000 for each individual, but the voting of this stock will be placed in the hands of government representatives on the board of directors of the regional reserve bank.

The regional reserve banks may redistribute—that is, buy at a discount from its member banks—"prime commercial paper" when the member banks desire to convert these assets into money.

Character of Paper.

The exact terms of this important provision as to the character of paper upon which the regional reserve banks may furnish cash are as follows:

"Upon the indorsement of any of its member banks, with a waiver of demand notice and protest by such banks, and federal (regional) reserve bank may discount notes, drafts, and bills of exchange arising out of actual commercial transactions; that is, notes, drafts, and bills of exchange issued or drawn for agricultural, industrial or commercial purposes, or the proceeds of which have been used, or to be used, for such purposes, the federal reserve agent is the protection behind the new money; but these notes will also be guaranteed by the government and may be redeemed in gold in the United States treasury.

Must Put Up Cash.

Member banks will be compelled to put up in cash only one-half of their subscription to the capital of the new banks, the rest can be called for if needed by the regional bank. Dividends of 6 per cent. will be paid on this stock to the member banks, and the stock will be non-taxable.

After these dividends are paid one-half of the surplus net earnings goes to create a regional surplus fund, and when this has reached 40 per cent. of the regional bank's paid-in capital these earnings are to go into the United States treasury. The balances of the net earnings are to be paid to the United States as a franchise tax.

With the machinery thus created for a new banking system that is supplementary to the commercial banks of the country, the law provides for a gradual transfer of part of the bank reserves to these new "reservoir" banks.

In order not to disturb business conditions, or to withdraw too suddenly the heavy deposits of country banks in the large cities, the law provides that three years may be consumed in shifting these balances and that, if necessary, part of the reserves transferred to the regional banks may consist of commercial paper.

HOW DISPUTED POINTS WERE ADJUSTED

The following changes affecting points at difference between the senate and house were made in conference:

Comptroller of currency and secretary of agriculture retained as members of organization committee.

Comptroller of currency made ex-officio member of federal reserve board and total membership retained at seven and the term of office fixed at ten years.

Alaska excluded from provisions of act.

After federal reserve districts are established, national banking associations shall have 30 days in which to subscribe for capital stock of reserve banks.

Individuals may purchase up to \$25,000 stock in federal reserve bank instead of \$10,000, as provided in house bill.

Stock not held by member banks shall not be entitled to any voting power whatever.

Number of regional reserve banks to be "not less than eight nor more than twelve," as provided by the senate.

The minimum capital of regional reserve banks fixed at \$4,000,000.

No senator or representative can be an officer of a federal reserve bank.

No director of Class C directors of federal reserve board shall be an officer, director, employee or stockholder of any bank.

Each member bank is permitted to nominate one candidate for Class A and one for Class B directors.

Subscription of member banks 6 per cent. of capital and surplus of subscribing bank.

Senate provision for the guarantee of national bank deposits eliminated.

Use of federal reserve notes as part of reserves of member banks stricken out.

At least one-third of the reserves of the country banks must be held in the vaults of local banks.

House provision for collections at par practically restored, banks to be permitted to collect only "actual expenses."

Retirement of 2 per cent. bonds aggregating \$300,000,000 within 20 years provided for as against retirement of \$125,000,000 in senate bill.

Gold reserve behind the notes remains at 40 per cent., with a graduated tax against any depletion.

Salary of members of the federal board increased from \$10,000 to \$12,000.

Members of reserve board shall serve two, four, six, eight and ten years instead of one to five years.

Reserve board can liquidate or reorganize reserve banks.

Compensations for directors, officers and employees of federal reserve banks shall be subject to the approval of the federal reserve board.

Recess appointments to reserve board shall expire 30 days after the following session of congress opens.

Net balance of amounts due to and from other banks shall be taken as the basis for ascertaining the deposits against which reserves shall be determined.

At the head of the system will stand

Coming to Hormel.

On one occasion Dr. Francis Warner was trying to bring back to consciousness a woman who had had a paralytic stroke. His efforts seemed likely to be in vain. For a long time her utterances were only the ravings of delirium, but all at once she sat up in bed, and, looking straight at Doctor Warner cheerfully, "now she's begining to talk sense!"—Pearson's Weekly.

No Favorites.

Definition of a boarding house strawberry shortcake. A circular solid, every point in which perimeter is equidistant from the strawberry—Everybody's Magazine.

The amount of reserve required from every bank under the new law, and the place where it must be kept, are as follows:

Country banks—Total reserve required, 12 per cent. of demand deposits and 5 per cent. of time deposits. Five-twelfths must be held in the bank's own vaults for two years and four-twelfths after that. For the first year two-twelfths must be kept in the regional bank, increasing one-twelfth each six months thereafter until it reaches five-twelfths of the total reserve. For three years the unallotted part of the reserve may be kept in the banks of reserve cities. After that time it must be kept either in the country banks and vaults or in the regional reserve bank.

Reserve city banks—Total reserve required, 15 per cent. of demand and 5 per cent. of time deposits. Six-tenths must be kept in the bank's vaults for the first two years and five-tenths after that time. Three-tenths must be kept in the regional reserve bank, equal to 6 per cent. of the member bank's capital and surplus. The capital of the regional bank will increase one-twelfth every six months thereafter until it reaches six-tenths. For three years the unallotted portion of the reserve may be kept in other banks, in its own vaults, or in the regional bank; after that time in one of the latter two places.

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